

INSTALLATION, OPERATING AND MAINTENANCE



AIR COOLED CONDENSING UNIT

FSC/FSH

10 - 28 kW

www.lennoxemea.com

MIL155E-1217 05/2018





POINTS TO BEAR IN MIND

DANGER AND WARNING SIGNS









High temperatures



Risk of injury by

moving objects



Electrical voltage



Risk of injury by rotating objects

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS



Make sure to switch off the power before installing, repairing or carrying out maintenance on the unit, in order to prevent serious electrical injury.

Keep local and national legislation in mind when installing the unit.

Standard Guidelines to Lennox equipment

All technical data contained in these operating instructions, including the diagrams and technical description remains the property of Lennox and may not be used (except for the purpose of familiarizing the user with the equipment), reproduced, photocopied, transferred or transmitted to third parties without prior written authorization from Lennox.

The data published in the operating instructions is based on the latest information available. We reserve the right to make modifications without notice.

We reserve the right to modify our products without notice without obligation to modify previously supplied goods.

These operating instructions contain useful and important information for the smooth operation and maintenance of your equipment.

The instructions also include guidelines on how to avoid accidents and serious damage before commissioning the equipment and during its operation and how to ensure smooth and fault-free operation. Read the operating instructions carefully before starting the equipment, familiarize yourself with the equipment and handling of the installation and carefully follow the instructions. It is very important to be properly trained in handling the equipment. These operating instructions must be kept in a safe place near the equipment.

Like most equipment, the unit requires regular maintenance. This section concerns maintenance and management personnel.

If you have any queries or would like to receive further information on any aspect relating to your equipment, do not hesitate to contact us.

LENNOX

DATA PAGE FOR UNIT COMMISSIONING	
UNIT:	SERIAL Nr:
CONTROL PANEL IDENTIFICATION CODE:	
INSTALLATION ADDRESS:	
	_ INSTALLER TEL:
INSTALLER ADDRESS:	
DATE OF COMMISSIONING:	
CHECKS:	
SUPPLY VOLTAGE: RATED	
SUFFLI VOLIAGE RAIED	
	YES NO
UNIT ON SHOCK ABSORBERS DRAINAGE WITH TRAP MAIN POWER SUPPLY CONNECTION CONTROL PANEL CONNECTION COMPRESSOR OIL LEVEL INDICATOR	
DATA INPUT:	
COOLING CYCLE	HEATING CYCLE
Air intake temperature to the outdoor coil: $< \frac{1 - {}^{\circ}C}{2 - {}^{\circ}C}$ Air output temperature to the outdoor coil: $< \frac{1 - {}^{\circ}C}{2 - {}^{\circ}C}$ High pressure: $< \frac{\text{circuit 1}}{\text{circuit 2}}$	Air intake temperature to the outdoor coil: $< 2 _ 0C$ Air output temperature to the outdoor coil: $< 2 _ 0C$ High pressure: $< circuit 1$
Low pressure: < circuit 1	Low pressure: < circuit 1
ELECTRIC POWER CONSUMPTION (Amps)	
Compressor 1 ////////////////////////////////////	Compressor 1 / / Compressor 2 / / Compressor 3 / / / Outdoor fan section 1 / / Outdoor fan section 2 /
Comments:	

1.1.- PHYSICAL DATA 015 F S С S Ν Μ 1 Μ C: Cooling only Type of refrigerant M: 400V/3/50 Air cooled S: One Circuit H: Heat pump condensing unit M: R-410A X: Cooling only / Heat pump Approximate cooling Number S: Condensing unit capacity in kW of revision FSC: Cooling only unit R-410A. Ĩ FSH: Heat pump unit R-410A.

WEIGHTS OF THE UNITS AND OPTIONS

MODELS		012	015	020	025	030
Condensing unit						
Cooling only FSC	112	116	165	159	202	208
Heat pump FSH	117	121	170	164	207	213

1.2.- ELECTRICAL DATA

ELECTRICAL CONSUMPTION

	UNIT	10 230V I	10	12	15	20	25	30
	Maximum power (KW)	5,1	4,9	6,1	7,0	9,4	11,3	13,0
CONDENSING UNIT	Maximum current (A)	29,1	11,1	13,4	15,8	19,3	25,7	26,7
	Starting current (A)	87,6	31,5	37,1	46,2	71,0	78,0	82,6

1.2 .- ELECTRICAL DATA

Electrical consumptions to add to the unit indoor and to the set

ELECTRICAL HEATER		10 230V I	10	12	15	20	25	30
	Standard	3	3	4,5		4,5		,5
Maximum power (KW)	Medium	6	6	6		6 9		9
	High		9	9 12		12		
	Standard	13,0	7,5	11,3		18	8,8	
Maximum current (A)	Medium	26,1	15		15		22,5	
	High	-	22,5	22,5			3	30

1.3.- OPERANTING LIMITS

OPERATING L	OPERATING LIMITS (COOLING ONLY)		MINIMUM TEMPERATURES
COOLING CYCLE OPERATION	INDOOR TEMPERATURE	32°C BS / 23°C BH	21°C BS / 15°C BH
	OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE	See table 1	+15°C UNIDAD ESTÁNDAR 0°C (*) -15°C (**)

(*) With option kit low temperature 0°C.

(**) With option kit low temperature -15°C.

OPERATING LIMITS (HEAT PUMP)		MAXIMUM TEMPERATURES	MINIMUM TEMPERATURES
COOLING CYCLE	INDOOR TEMPERATURE	32°C BS / 23°C BH	21°C BS / 15°C BH
OPERATION	OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE	See table 1	+15°C STANDARD UNIT 0°C (*) -15°C (**)
HEATING CYCLE	INDOOR TEMPERATURE	27°C BS	15°C BS
OPERATION	OUTDOOR TEMPERATURE	25°C (With 20° indoor temperature. Models 10-15-20-30) 23°C (With 20° indoor temperature. Models 12-25)	-12°C

DB: Dry bulb temterature

WB: Wet bulb temperature

(*) Active CL40 parmeter to operate at $0^{\rm o}$

(**) With option kit low temperature -15°C.

Table 1	10	12	15	20	25	30
Maximum outdoor temperature	45	43	45	44	44	41

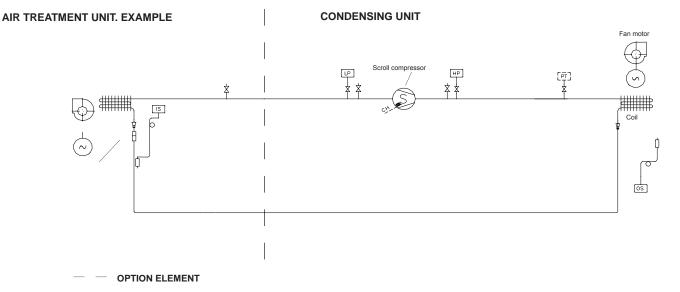
1.4.- FAN PERFORMANCES

CONDENSING UNITS

			Airflow (m3/h)							
	UNITS	10	12	15	20	25	30			
	0	3500	3400	4500	5650	6000	5850			
[10	3410	3325	4460	5550	5920	5755			
	20	3300	3160	4410	5450	5840	5665			
	30	3190	3075	4360	5350	5760	5575			
	40	3080	2980	4310	5250	5680	5485			
	50	2970	2890	4250	5150	5600	5400			
	60	2840	2790	4190	5050	5520	5315			
Available	70	2700	2690	4125	4945	5445	5235			
static pressure	80	2560	2580	4055	4840	5365	5155			
(Pa)	90	2410	2400	3980	4735	5290	5075			
	100	2350		3905	4630	5210	5000			
	110			3825	4525	5135				
	120			3600	4420	5060				
[130				4315	4985				
	140				4205	4910				
	150				4095	4835				
	160					4760				

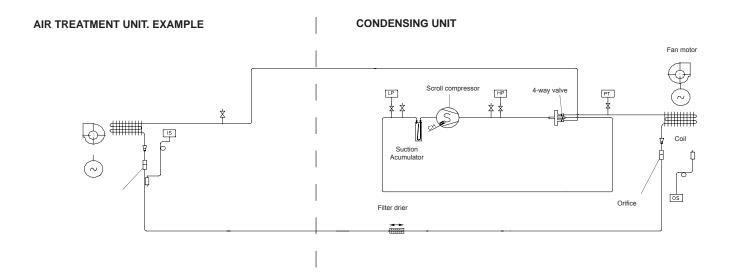
Nominal airflow

1.5.- PIPING DRAWINGS



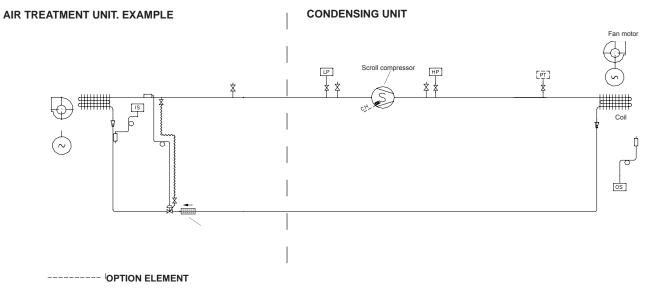
HEAT PUMP UNITS 10-12-15

COOLING ONLY UNITS 10-12-15



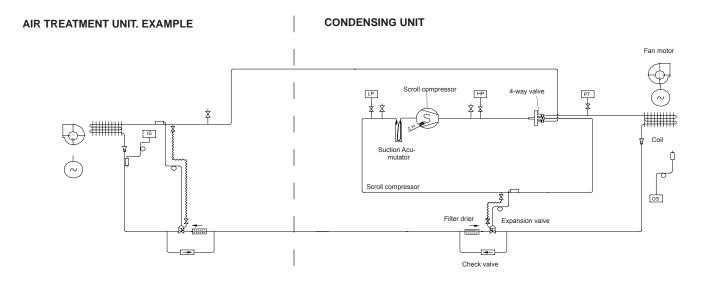


1.5.- PIPING DRAWINGS



COOLING ONLY UNITS 20-25-30

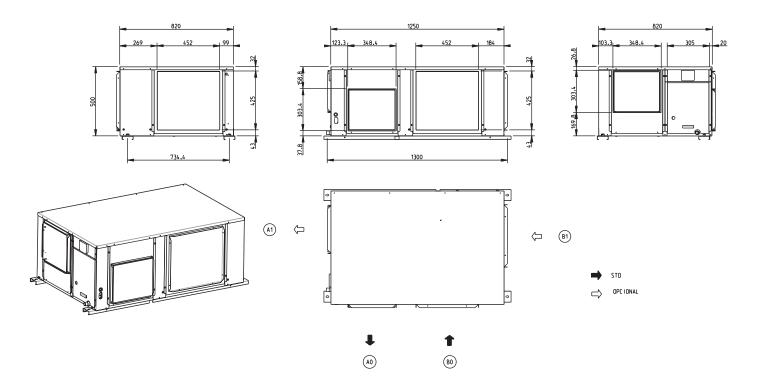
HEAT PUMP UNITS 20-25-30



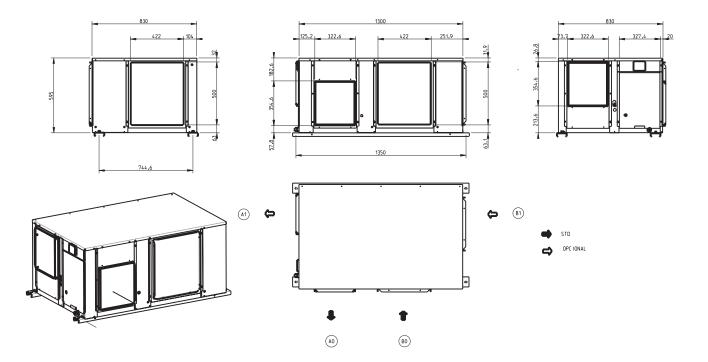
¥	Pressure gauge. (5/16" to be fitted by the installer).	СН	Crank case heater. (Low ambient 0°C or $\ \mbox{-}15^\circ\mbox{C}$ option for cooling only units).
		PT	Pressure transducer, circuit 1.(Low ambient 0°C or -15°C option for cooling only units).
LP	Low pressure switch.	OS	Outdoor temperature sensor
HP	High pressure switch.		

1.6.- UNIT DIMENSIONS

FSC / FSH 10-12

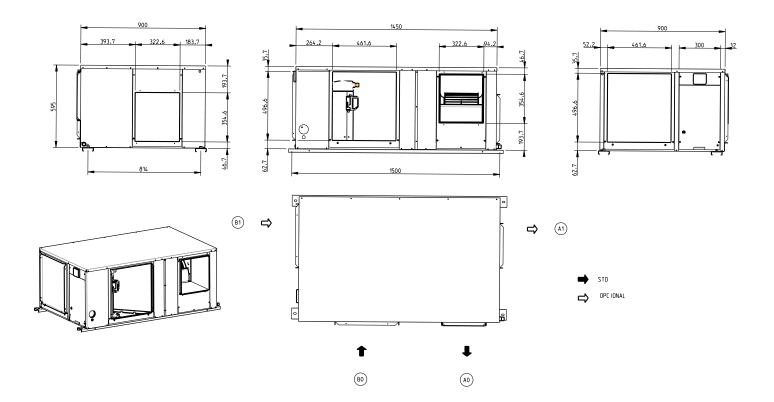


FSC / FSH 15

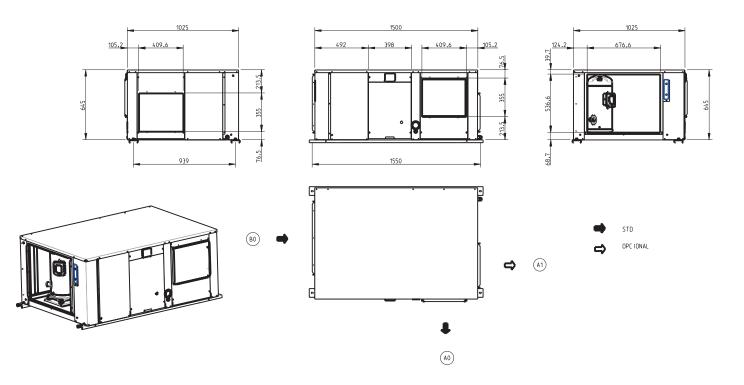


1.6.- UNIT DIMENSIONS

FSC / FSH 20



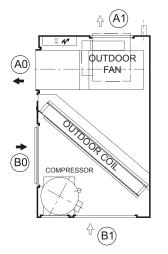
FSC / FSH 25-30



1.7.- DUCT POSITION

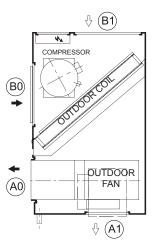
MODELS 10-12-15

CONDENSING UNIT



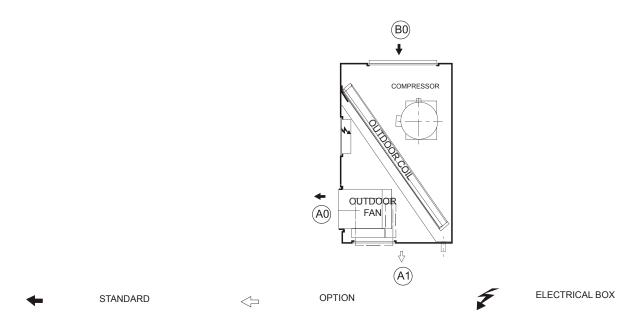
MODEL 20

CONDENSING UNIT





CONDENSING UNIT



2.1.- PRELIMINARY PREPARATIONS



All INSTALLATION, SERVICE and MAINTENANCE work must be carried out by QUALIFIED PERSONNEL.

The unit must be transported in a HORIZONTAL POSITION on its metal mounting frame. Any other position may cause serious damage to the machine. When the unit is received, it should be checked to assure that it has received no shocks or other damage, following the instructions on the packaging. If there is damage, the unit may be rejected by notifying the LENNOX Distribution Department and stating why the machine is unacceptable on the transport agent's delivery note. Any later complaint or claim made to the LENNOX Distribution Department for this type of damage cannot be considered under the Guarantee.

Sufficient space must be allowed to facilitate installation of the unit.



When positioning the unit, be sure that the Rating Plate is always visible since this data will be necessary to ensure correct maintenance.

The units are designed to be installed with ducts designed by qualified technical staff.

The joints to be used between ducts and openings in the unit should be Elastic Joints.

Avoid the use of BYPASS joints between the extraction air and input air.

The structure where the unit is placed must be able to support the weight of the unit during operation.



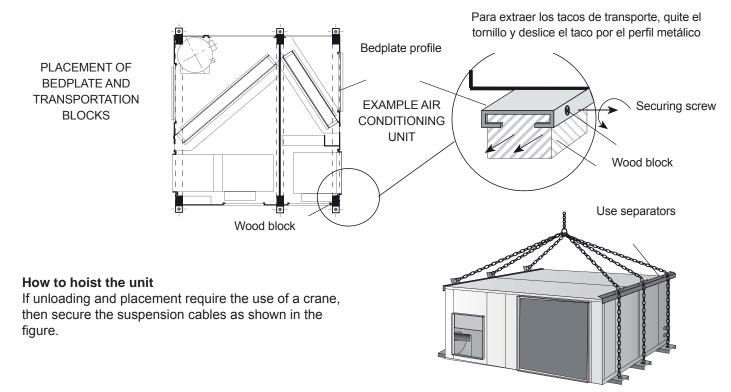
Defrosting:

To avoid ice accumulation in the driptray, it may be necessary to install an electrical heater and inside the drainage connection, to drain correctly the water

The drainage must be always accessible through the indoor part , in order to remove easily the dirty than may be accumulated.

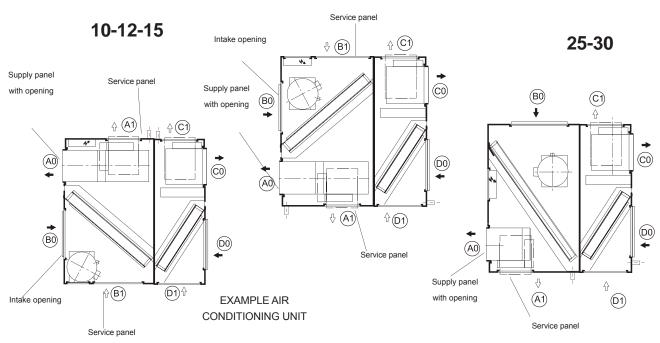
2.2.- UNIT ACCEPTANCE

All the units have metal bedplate profiles and wooden blocks for transportation. These wooden blocks must be removed when positioning the unit in its final position.



2.3.- OPTIONAL OPERATIONS PRIOR TO UNIT INSTALATION

INTAKE FAN POSITION CHANGE.



20

CONDENSING UNIT

SUPPLY

From the position A0 to the position A1

1.-Remove the ceiling of the unit, the supply panel with opening and the service panel.

2.-Remove the motor-fan assembly from the unit unscrewing the supports from the base, and throwing away the extension collar, if there is one.

3.-Unscrew the supports taht have been left on the fan-motor assembly.

4.-Turn the fan-motor assembly to its new position 90° horizontally and 180° on its shaft. The motor should now be accessible from the service panel in this new position.

5.-Screw down the fan-motor assembly in its new position using the supports.

6.-Assembly the supply panel with opening and the service panel in

its new position, taking special care with the weather striping.

INLET:

From the position B0 to the position B1

1.-Remove the intake opening and the service panel.

2.-Switch the position of the intake opening and service panels.

2.4.- UNIT LOCATION

The bedplate is made up of three galvanized metal channels, capable of withstanding the weight of the units whether hung from the ceiling or mounted on the floor.

If the unit is floor mounted, then the profiles should be isolated with shock absorbing material such as anti-vibration or pads. Keep in mind that fans rotate at approximately 850 rpm.

If the unit is hung, M-10 threaded rods should be used along with shock absorbing ceiling supports.

UNIT HUNG WITH RODS

UNIT INSTALLED ON SHOCK ABSORBERS

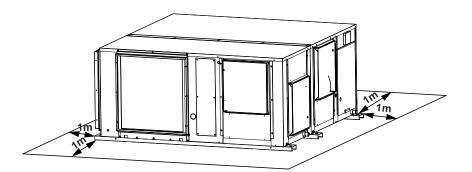


2.5.- INSTALLATION CLEARANCES

Clearance around the unit for service and maintenance

SERVICE SPACE

Space should be left free for access or servicing, to ease the installation of cables, drainage connections, electric installation and cleaning filters, as well as easy access to the unit.





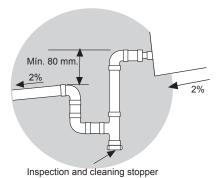
For the unit with option FREECOOLING, it should be kept in mind that bedplate anchors cannot be used to hang the unit.

2.6.- DRAINS

All the indoor and outdoor sections of these units have a 3/4" steel threaded drain pipe welded to the condensation tray.

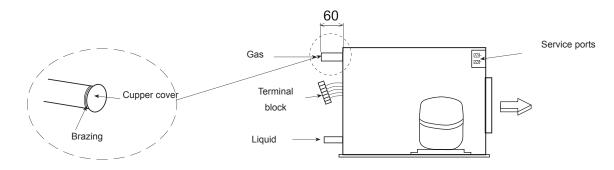
Drainage pipes will be fitted for each tray through a siphon with a height difference of 80 mm. to avoid drainage problems from the depression formed by the fans. The pipes should have an inclination of 2% to ease drainage of condensation.

Also slightly tip the unit (2%) toward the drainage side. Check that the condensation trays are clean and free from dirt and other debris from the works and that water drains correctly.



2.7.- REFRIGERANT CONNECTIONS

Split units are supplied with gas and liquid lines sealed with copper covers, and located 60mm from casing.





Units are supplied with nitrogen gas, this must be removed and then proceed as folow:

- 1. Remove the nitrogen gas through the high and low 5/16" service ports located inside and provide a low vacuum for safety.
- 2. Remove the caps from the connecting lines.
- 3. Braze the piping connection lines. Select piping diameter from table 2.7.1.
- (When brazing refrigerant pipes, nitrogen gas must be supplied into the pipes through the service ports to remove the air). 4. Leak test:
- +. Leak lest.

Add nitrogen gas, check that a pressure of 5 kg/cm² has been reached and that there are no leaks in the circuit or brazing by applying soapy water to the pipes which will cause the bubbles to form where there are leaks. To detect small leaks, proceed as follows:

Add nitrogen gas and check that a pressure of 25 kg/cm² has been reached, there are no leaks if the pressure remains the same for at least 24 hours and the final pressure is not less than 10% below the initial pressure.

- 5. Ensure that the gas line is insulated.
- 6. Evacuation:

Remove the nitrogen gas, connect the gauge manifold and vacuum pump to both the liquid and gas lines, fully open the gauge manifold valve and switch on the vacuum pump. Check to make sure the gauge shows a pressure of -750mm Hg. Once a level of -750mm Hg is reached, keep the vacuum pump running for at least one hour.

- 7. Refrigerant charge:
 - Check TABLE 3.1. and 3.2. for the amount of refrigerant charge, depending on the length and size of the pipe connections.
 - Disconnect the vacuum pump and connect to the refrigerant-charging bottle. Open the charging pump and purge the air from the hose at the pressure gauge manifold.

- Set up the amount of additional refrigerant on the weighing scale, open the high pressure and charged in the liquid state. If the total amount of refrigerant charge has not been reached because the pressure is balanced, turn off the high side of the gauge manifold, turn on the unit, and add the remaining amount of the refrigerant charge required slowly through the low side of the pressure gauge. (With R-410A refrigerant, the charging bottle must be in a vertical position and charged in the liquid state). Close the pressure gauge, disconnect it from the from the service port of the unit and fit caps on the service ports. The unit is then ready to operate.



During installation operations, keep gas and liquid pipes covered, in order to prevent humidity and dirt, get into them. Take special concern about refrigerant pipes are isolated.

Avoid collapse on line installation.

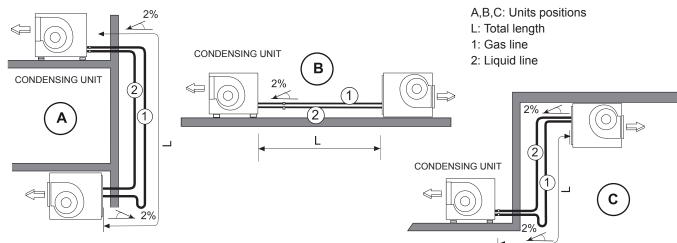


Legislation does not allow refrigerant gas emissions to the atmosphere, so the refrigerants have to be recycled to avoid being released to the atmosphere. Those recycled refrigerants shall be processed afterwards by an authorized waste manager.

Those components derived from the recycling of the unit have to be managed by authorized waste manager or be left in local waste facilities according the local normative in each country.

2.7.- REFRIGERANT CONNECTIONS

To calculate the refrigerant lines, refer to the following information:



POSITION A:

A syphon suction must be installed on the vertical line of the gas line 1, and syphons must be installed every 8 meters upward. The minimum speed suction must not be below 6 m/s.

POSITION B:

Tip the lines toward the outdoor unit. Make special attention to the line length longer than 10m and avoid collapse on pipe lines installation.

DISPOSICIÓN C:

Install a syphon at the base of the vertical line, no more syphons are necessary.

TABLE 2.7.1.: REFRIGERANT LINES

REFRIGERANT LINES					UNIT-N	IODEL				
			10	12	15	20	25	30		
Total longth	0 to 20m	Liquid	3/8"	3/8"	1/2"	1/2"	5/8"	5/8"		
Total length	0 to 30m	0 10 3011	0 10 3011	Gas	3/4"	3/4"	7/8"	7/8"	1 1/8"	1 1/8"
Maximum vertical line length (m)			15	15	15	15	15	15		
Maximum number of bends			12	12	12	12	12	12		



For other positions and lines lengths between 30 and 50m or longer, consult the commercial-technical department, pipe dimensions, syphon suction, isolations, refrigerant load, line lengths.

Units are supplied with nitrogen gas. The installer should remove this gas and charge the units with the charge of refrigerant R410A, shown in the table 2.7.2 plus the charge by additional meter shown in the table 2.7.3.

TABLE 2.7.2.: REFRIGERANT CHARGE

MODELS	MODELS		12	15	20	25	30
Pofrigorant obarga P 410A	Cooling only	2,14	2,57	3,55	4,46	5,38	6,15
Refrigerant charge R-410A	Heat pump	2,5	2,93	4	4,9	6,3	7

TABLE 2.7.3.: EXTRA REFRIGERANT CHARGE R410A BY METER

Liquid	Gas	g/m
3/8"	3/4"	57
1/2"	7/8"	108
5/8"	1 1/8"	177

2.8.- ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

- BEFORE MAKING ANY ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS, ENSURE THAT ALL CIRCUIT BREAKERS ARE OPEN. - IN ORDER TO MAKE THE ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS, FOLLOW THE ELECTRICAL DIAGRAM SUPPLIED WITH THE UNIT.

POWER SUPPLY

POWER SUPPLY 230V SINGLE PHASE UNITS		№ OF CABLES X SECTION (mm2)		
	UNIT MODEL	Power supply without electric battery	Power supply with electric battery	
1N ~ 230V - 50 Hz + PE	10	3 x 4	3 x 16	

POWER SUPPLY 400V THREE-PHASE UNITS	UNIT MODEL	Nº OF CABLES X SECTION (mm2)		
		Power supply without electric battery	Power supply with electric battery	
PE L1 L2 L3 N / X1	10	5 x 2,5	5 x 4	
	12	5 x 2,5	5 x 4	
	15	5 x 4	5 x 6	
	20	5 x 4	5 x 10	
	25	5 x 6	5 x 10	
3N ~ 400V - 50 Hz + PE	30	5 x 6	5 x 10	

VOLTAGE OPERATING LIMITS: 342-462V

MODELS	VOLTAGE	LIMIT	
10	230V-1Ph-50 Hz	198-264 V	
	400V-3Ph-50 Hz	342-462 V	
12-15-20-25-30	400V-3Ph-50 Hz	342-402 V	

ELECTRICAL CONNECTION: DIGITAL THERMOSTAT DC 40 CONNECTION. (ONLY FOR CLIMATIC 40)..

DC 40

GND TX+ TX- GO G PANEL 90 91 92 93 94 90 91 92 93 94

> 2 x Shielded twisted pairs AWG 20. 100 m maximum. 1x Shielded twisted pair AWG20 + 2 x 1,5 mm. 200m maximum.

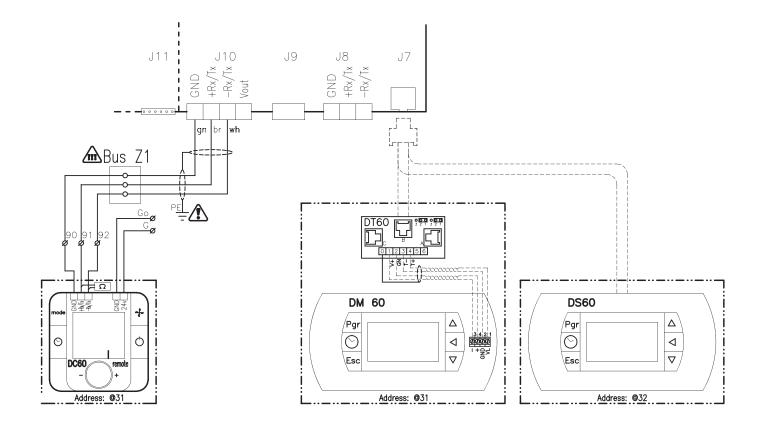


IMPORTANT THE SHIELDED CONNECTING CABLE BETWEEN THE CONTROL PANEL AND THE UNIT MUST BE SEPARATED FROM ANY OTHER TYPE OF ELECTRICAL WIRING. CONNECT IT TO THE ELECTRIC PANEL LOCATED IN THE OUTDOOR UNIT.

NOTES:

- For securing and connecting the Control Panel, consult the control panel Manual supplied with the unit.
- Connection between the DC40 and the unit must be made using shielded twisted pair cables (where the screens are connected to the control panel and the unit Electrical box).
- The Tx+ and Tx- polarity must strictly comply with the electrical diagram supplied with the unit.

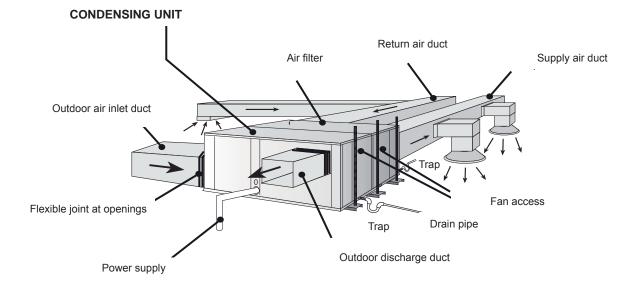
ELECTRICAL CONNECTION: CONTROL DC60 / DM60 / DS60.CONNECTION (ONLY FOR CLIMATIC 60).



3.- COMMISSIONING AND OPERATION

3.1.- PRELIMINARY CHECKS

- 1. Check that drain pipe connections and their fixtures are secure and that the level of the unit is tipped toward the drain.
- 2. Inspect the state of the ducts and grilles 8clean and open grilles, no breaks in the duct, etc.)
- Check that the power supply is the same as stated on the firm plate which is in agreement with the electrical diagram for the unit and that cable sizes are correct. Check that tightness of the electrical connections to their terminals and to ground.
- 4. Inspect the air filter, which should be in its housing and properly positioned (the metal grille should be toward the inside).
- 5. Check that the fan turns freely with the hand.



3.2.- PRELIMINARY CHECKS AT STARTUP

To start the unit, **follow the instructions given in the User Manual for the control** supplied with the unit (requiring operation in any of the modes, cooling, heating, or automatic).

After a time delay, the unit will start.

With the unit operating, check that the fans are turning freely and in the correct direction.

CHECK THAT THE COMPRESSOR IS ROTATING IN THE CORRECT DIRECTION.

- If you have the option phase rotation indicator, use it to check the correct rotation.
- If you do not have three phase return lock, check the correct direction of rotation. The suction pressure decreases and the discharge pressure increases when the compressor is started.
- If the connection is incorrect, rotation will be reversed, causing a high noise level and a reduction in the amount of current consumed. If this occurs, the compressor's internal protection system will operate to shut down the unit. The solution is to disconnect, reverse two of the phases and connect again.

WITH OPERATING UNIT, CHECK:

- Low pressure and high pressure.
- Use the evaporating and liquid temperature to calculate superheat and subcooling.
- Adjust the refrigerant charge and/or expansion valve according to the preceding values.

COMPRESSOR OIL LEVEL

The oil level must always be checked. When the compressor is at rest, the level should be between 1/4 and 3/4

in the sight glass, while when running the level should be between 3/4 and full.

In the event of having to add oil, remember the type of oil is synthetic POE.

The original oil charge in the compressor is ICI Emkarate RL32-3MAF. This type of oil must also be used when replacing the oil completely.

When only topping up, RL32-3MAF or Mobil EAC Artic 22C can be used.

3.- COMMISSIONING AND OPERATION

3.2.- PRELIMINARY CHECKS AT FIRST INSTALLATION



The unit must be installed in accordance with local safety codes and regulations and can only be used in a well ventilated area. Please readcarefully the manufacturer's instructions before starting this unit

All work on the unit must be carried out by a qualified and authorised employee.

Non-compliance with the following instructions may result in injury or serious accidents.

Work on the unit:

The unit shall be isolated from the electrical supply by disconnection and locking using the main isolating switch. Workers shall wear the appropriate personal protective equipment (helmet, gloves, glasses, etc.).

Electrical system:

Electrical connections can become loose during transport. Please check them before starting-up the unit Compressors with specific rotation direction. Check the correct rotation direction Spare parts: of the fan before closing the compressor circuit breakers. If the In order to maintain CE marking compliance, replacement of direction is incorrect, the phases must be reversed at the head of the main switch. Work on electric components shall be performed with the power off (see below) by employees having valid electrical qualification and authorisation.

Refrigerating circuit(s):

After more than 12 hours of power cut, the cranckcase heater coolants, hydrocarbons, etc.). (compressor) should be powered for 5 hours before any return to service. Non-compliance with this instruction can cause dete- CAUTION: rioration of the compressors.

Monitoring of the pressures, draining and filling of the system under pressure shall be carried out using connections provided for this purpose and suitable equipment. To prevent the risk of explosion due to spraying of coolant and oil, the relevant circuit shall be drained and at zero pressure before any disassembly or unbrazing of the refrigerating parts takes place.

There is a residual risk of pressure build-up by degassing the oil or by heating the exchangers after the circuit has been drained. Zero pressure shall be maintained by venting the drain connection to the atmosphere on the low pressure side.

The brazing shall be carried out by a qualified brazier. The brazing shall comply according to code ASME section IX following the procedures specification.

Before the start up:

- Raise the system to the test maximum pressure (see firmplate).

- Check the correct behaviour of the high pressure device.
- Check the components general condition and circuit piping.

components shall be carried out using spare parts, or using parts approved by Lennox.

Only the coolant shown on the manufacturer's nameplate shall be used, to the exclusion of all other products (mix of

In case of fire, refrigerating circuits can cause an explosion and spray coolant gas and oil.



4.1.- PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE

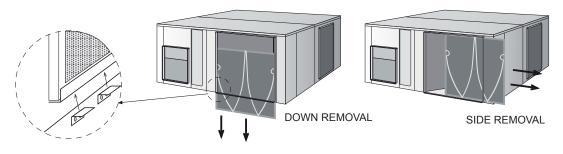


PREVENTIVE MAINTENANCE PREVENTS COSTLY REPAIRS. THIS REQUIRES PERIODIC INSPECTIONS:

- AIR FILTER :

The air filter can be removed through the side by sliding it over the rail or downwards. (See figure).

For downwards removal, remove the two profiles that support it (depending on the model) which are under the filter guide rail and screwed onto the unit.



- GENERAL STATE OF THE CASING:

Furniture, paint, damage due to shocks, rust spots, levelling and supporting, condition of the shock absorbers, if installed, screwed panels, etc.

- ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS:

State of hoses, tightness of screws, earthing, current consumption of the compressor and fans and check that the unit is receiving the correct voltage.

- COOLING CIRCUIT:

Check that the pressures are correct and that there are no leaks. Check that there is no damage to the pipe insulation, that the condition of the coils is good and that they are not blocked by bits of paper or plastic drawn in by the air flow, etc.

- COMPRESSOR:

If a sight glass is fitted, check the oil level.

Check the condition of the silentbloc mountings.

- FANS:

Check that fans turn freely and in the correct direction without excessive noise.

- CONTROL:

Check Set Points and normal operation.

4.2.- CORRECTIVE MAINTENANCE

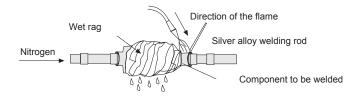


MAKE SURE THAT THE UNIT IS FULLY DISCONNECTED FROM THE POWER SUPPLY WHEN CARRYING OUT ANY TYPE OF WORK ON THE MACHINE.

If any component in the cooling circuit is to be replaced, follow these recommendations:

- Always use original replacement parts.
- If the component can be isolated, it is not necessary to remove the entire **refrigerant charge**, if the component cannot be isolating and the refrigerant charge is removed, it should be removed through the Schrader valves located in the outdoor section. Create a slight vacuum as a safety measure.
- Regulation prohibits the release of refrigerant into the atmosphere.
- If cuts must be made in the pipe work, use pipe cutters. Do not use saws or any other tools that produce filings.
- All brazing must be carried out in a nitrogen atmosphere to prevent corrosion forming.
- Use silver alloy brazing rod.

- **Take special care that the flame** from the torch is directed away from the component to be welded and cover with a wet rag to prevent overheating.



4.2.- CORRECTIVE MAINTENANCE

- Take very special care if 4-way or check valves are to be replaced since these have internal components that are very heat-sensitive such as plastic, teflon, etc.

- If a **compressor is to be replaced**, disconnect it electrically and un-braze the suction and discharge lines. Remove the securing screws and replace the old compressor with the new one. Check that the new compressor has the correct oil charge, screw it to the base and connect the lines and electrical connections.

Evacuate above and below through the Schrader valves of the outdoor unit until -750 mm Hg is reached.
Once this level of vacuum has been reached, keep the pump running for at least one hour.
DO NOT USE THE COMPRESSOR AS A VACUUM PUMP.

- Charge the unit with refrigerant according to the data on the Rating Plate for the unit and check that there are no leaks.



PRECAUTIONS TO BE TAKEN WHEN USING OF R-410A Refrigerant:

R-410A refrigerant is used in the unit; the following standard precautions for this gas should therefore be taken:

- The Vacuum Pump must have a Check Valve or Solenoid Valve fitted.
- Pressure Gauges and Hoses for exclusive use with R-410A Refrigerant should be used.
- Charging should be carried out in the Liquid Phase.
- Always use scales to weigh-in charge
- Use the Leak Detector exclusive for R-410A Refrigerant.
- Do not use mineral oil, only synthetic oil to ream, expand or make connections.
- Keep pipes wrapped before using them and be very thorough about any possible dirt (dust, filings, burrs, etc.).
- When there is a leak, collect what remains of the charge, create a vacuum in the unit and completely recharge with new R-
- 410A Refrigerant.
- Brazing should always be carried out in a nitrogen atmosphere.
- Reamers should always be well sharpened.



All the components derived from the recycling of the unit should be managed according local legislation, and have to be classified and separated while dealt by authorized waste manager or be left in local waste facilities. Refrigerant fluids, electronic boards, heat exchangers and the oil extracted from the refrigerant circuit, as well as the oil recipients used must be recycled as hazardous waste according the local normative through an authorized waste manager or be left in local waste facilities. The rest of the components considered as non-hazardous wastes must be recycled according to the corresponding norms.

At the end of its life, the equipment should be recycled in local waste facilities or by an authorized waste manager.

4.3.- FAILURE DIAGNOSIS

In case of failure or malfunction of the unit, the display on the control panel will show an error or alarm warning which is explained in the control panel manual.

Nevertheless, whenever there is a unit fault, the unit should be shut down and our service technicians consulted.

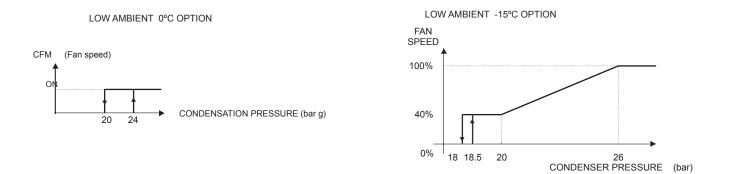
FAULT	POSSIBLE CAUSES	POSSIBLE SOLUTIONS
	Fault in the power supply or insufficient voltage.	Connect the power supply or check the voltage.
UNIT DOES NOT START	Circuit breakers have opened.	Reset.
	Power cable or control panel cable is defective.	Inspect and correct.
	High pressure switch is defective.	Check cut-off pressure switch or replace pressure switch if necessary.
UNIT STOPS DUE TO HIGH PRESSURE DURING THE COOLING CYCLE	Outdoor fan is not working.	Check for voltage, inspect the motor and turbine or replace if necessary
	Outdoor fan turns in the wrong direction.	Reverse the power phases.
	Outdoor coil is dirty or clogged for passing air.	Inspect and clean.
	Excess refrigerant charge.	Remove the charge and charge according to the data on the rating plate.
UNIT STOPS DUE TO HIGH PRESSU- RE DURING THE HEATING CYCLE	The same causes and solutions as the cold cycle but with reference to the coils and indoor fan.	
UNIT STOPS DUE TO LOW PRESSURE	Low pressure switch defective.	Check the cut-off pressure with a pressure gauge and replace the pressure switch if necessary.
	Indoor fan is not working.	Check for voltage and inspect the motor, turbine and replace if necessary.
	Indoor fan turns in the wrong direction.	Reverse the power phases.
	Lack of refrigerant. Leak.	Correct leak, create vacuum and charge.
	Dirty air filter.	Inspect and clean
	Clogged cooling circuit. Dirty filter drier.	Inspect and correct or change the filter drier.
UNIT STARTS AND STOPS IN SHORT CYCLES	Compressor overcharged.	Inspect suction and discharge pressure values and correct.
	Compressor cuts off due to Klixon.	Check input voltage and voltage drop.
	Lack of refrigerant.	Correct leak and replace.
LOAD AND ABNORMAL NOISE IN THE COMPRESSOR (SCROLL)	Power supply phases inverted. (three-phase compressor).	Check and reverse power phases.

4.4.- REGULATION (ONLY FOR CLIMATIC 40).

	COOLING		HEATING	
	RESET	SET	SET	RESET
LP	3,5	4,5	1,7	2,7
HP	43	34	43	34
PT	outdoor f regul	an speed ation	def	rost

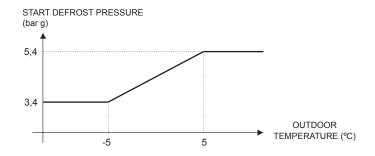
Table values in bar g.

1.- OUTDOOR FAN SPEED REGULATION (Low ambient 0°C or - 15°C option)



2.- DEFROST

- Start: suction pressure < pressure of starting defrost, for 60 sec.
- End: 30 bar or more than 8 minutes from the defrost start.



4.5.- REGULATION (ONLY FOR CLIMATIC 60).

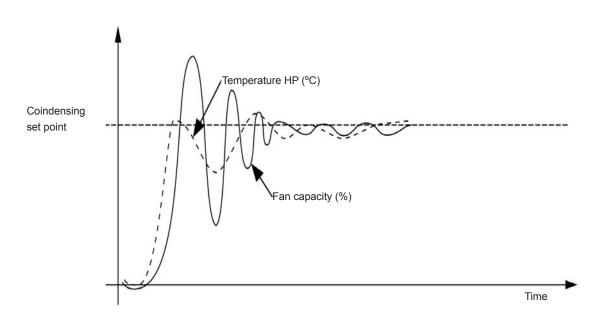
1.- CONDENSER FAN.

Function.

The CLIMATIC 60 is used to maintain the high pressure as stable as possible in order to increase the performance of the unit.

Description.

The CLIMATIC 60 uses a PI algorithm to command fan stages or a speed inverter, depending on the unit type.



Moreover, for units with variable speed fans (option), the CLIMATIC 60 controls the fan speed limit which allows progressive adaptation of the unit to the building load and reduces the noise level - See hereunder operation of «Quiet» and «Auto Quiet».

It also exists a "Fixed " mode where the fan speed is adjusted to the set point (3523).

The maximum speed and the fan management can be adjusted according to the schedule mode in order to benefit from the different.control types in heating or cooling.

4.5.- REGULATION (ONLY FOR CLIMATIC 60).

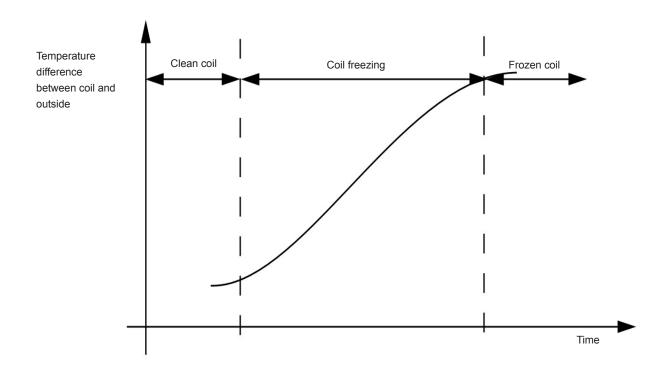
2.- COIL DEFROST.

Function

The CLIMATIC 60 manages defrost procédure to avoid ice on the evaporator coil in heating mode (winter season).

Description

To avoid icing of the external air exchanger during winter operating, it's necessary to reverse the refrigerant cycle. The dynamic defrost allows the unit to start the defrost procédure only when the coil is frozen. This achieves through the measurement of the temperature between the coil and the outside air.



The defrost procédure is activated if the following conditions are met during 1 minute:

- the outside air temperature is \leq (3541).
- one of the compressor(s) on the circuit has been running for a time \geq (3543) since the last defrost.
- the saturated temperature ratio is \leq (3542).
- The defrost procédure is characterized by the following steps:
- 1. start electrical heater during 2 min (rooftop with electrical heater only).
- 2. stop the compressors on the concerned circuit.
- 3. wait for 5 s.
- 4. reverse the 4WV.
- 5. start all compressors on the circuit (if the blowing T° is not too low).
- 6. start all condenser fans when the HP \geq 50.0°C.
- 7. stop all condenser fans when the HP \leq 42.0°C.
- 8. repeat the steps 6. to 7. N times (N is confi gurable in the menu (3544), 3 from factory setting).
- 9. stop the compressors of the circuit.
- 10. wait for 1 min to equalise the pressure in the circuit.
- 11. start the fans 30s to dry the condensenser.
- 12. end of procedure; restart the unit in heating mode.
- 13. reverse the reversing valve after 5 s if ΔP >2 bar.

In menu (3545), it is possible to start only one compressor per circuit with tandem during the defrost.



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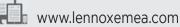
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Due to LENNOX EMEA ongoing commitment to quality, the specifications, ratings and dimensions are subject to change without notice and without incurring liability. Improper installation, adjustment, alteration, service or maintenance can cause property damage or personal injury.

Installation and service must be performed by a qualified installer and servicing agency.

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